## NAME

gvgen - generate graphs

## SYNOPSIS


$-\mathbf{M} x, y][-\mathbf{p} n][-\mathbf{r} x, y][-\mathbf{R} x][-\mathbf{s} n][-\mathbf{S} n][-\mathbf{S} n, d][-\mathbf{t} n][-\mathbf{t} d, n][-\mathbf{T} x, y][-\mathbf{T} x, y, u, v][-\mathbf{w} n][-\mathbf{n}$ prefix ] [-Nname] [-ooutfile ]

## DESCRIPTION

gvgen generates a variety of simple, regularly-structured abstract graphs.

## OPTIONS

The following options are supported:
-c $n \quad$ Generate a cycle with $n$ vertices and edges.
$-\mathbf{C} x, y$ Generate an $x$ by $y$ cylinder. This will have $x^{*} y$ vertices and $2 * x * y-y$ edges.
$-\mathbf{g} / \mathbf{f}] x, y$
Generate an $x$ by $y$ grid. If $\mathbf{f}$ is given, the grid is folded, with an edge attaching each pair of opposing corner vertices. This will have $x^{*} y$ vertices and $2 * x * y-y-x$ edges if unfolded and $2 * x * y-y-$ $x+2$ edges if folded.
-G [f] $]$, $y$
Generate an $x$ by $y$ partial grid. If $\mathbf{f}$ is given, the grid is folded, with an edge attaching each pair of opposing corner vertices. This will have $x^{*} y$ vertices.
$-\mathbf{h} n \quad$ Generate a hypercube of degree $n$. This will have $2^{\wedge} n$ vertices and $n^{*} 2^{\wedge}(n-1)$ edges.
$-\mathbf{k} n \quad$ Generate a complete graph on $n$ vertices with $n^{*}(n-1) / 2$ edges.
-b $x, y$ Generate a complete $x$ by $y$ bipartite graph. This will have $x+y$ vertices and $x * y$ edges.
-B $x, y$ Generate an $x$ by $y$ ball, i.e., an $x$ by $y$ cylinder with two "cap" nodes closing the ends. This will have $x * y+2$ vertices and $2 * x * y+y$ edges.
$-\mathbf{m} n$ Generate a triangular mesh with $n$ vertices on a side. This will have $(n+1) * n / 2$ vertices and $3 *(n-1) * n / 2$ edges.

- $\mathbf{M} x, y$ Generate an x by y Moebius strip. This will have $x^{*} y$ vertices and $2 * x * y-y$ edges.
-p $n \quad$ Generate a path on $n$ vertices. This will have $n-l$ edges.
-r $x, y$ Generate a random graph. The number of vertices will be the largest value of the form $2^{\wedge} n-1$ less than or equal to $x$. Larger values of $y$ increase the density of the graph.
- $\mathbf{R} x \quad$ Generate a random rooted tree on $x$ vertices.
-s $n \quad$ Generate a star on $n$ vertices. This will have $n-1$ edges.
-S $n \quad$ Generate a Sierpinski graph of order $n$. This will have $3^{*}\left(3^{\wedge}(n-1)+1\right) / 2$ vertices and $3^{\wedge} n$ edges.
-S $n, d$ Generate a $d$-dimensional Sierpinski graph of order $n$. At present, $d$ must be 2 or 3 . For d equal to 3 , there will be $4^{*}\left(4^{\wedge}(n-1)+1\right) / 2$ vertices and $6 * 4^{\wedge}(n-1)$ edges.
$-\mathbf{t} n \quad$ Generate a binary tree of height $n$. This will have $2^{\wedge} n-1$ vertices and $2^{\wedge} n-2$ edges.
-t $h, n \quad$ Generate a n-ary tree of height $h$.
-T $x, y$
-T $x, y, u, v$
Generate an $x$ by $y$ torus. This will have $x^{*} y$ vertices and $2 x^{*} x^{*} y$ edges. If $u$ and $v$ are given, they specify twists of that amount in the horizontal and vertical directions, respectively.
$-\mathbf{w} n \quad$ Generate a path on $n$ vertices. This will have $n-1$ edges.
$-\mathbf{i} n \quad$ Generate $n$ graphs of the requested type. At present, only available if the $\mathbf{- R}$ flag is used.


## -n prefix

Normally, integers are used as node names. If prefix is specified, this will be prepended to the integer to create the name.
-N name
Use name as the name of the graph. By default, the graph is anonymous.
-o outfile
If specified, the generated graph is written into the file outfile. Otherwise, the graph is written to standard out.
-d Make the generated graph directed.
-v Verbose output.
-? Print usage information.

## EXIT STATUS

gvgen exits with 0 on successful completion, and exits with 1 if given an ill-formed or incorrect flag, or if the specified output file could not be opened.

## AUTHOR

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## SEE ALSO

$\operatorname{gc}(1), \operatorname{acyclic}(1), \operatorname{gvpr}(1), \operatorname{gvcolor}(1), \operatorname{ccomps}(1), \operatorname{sccmap}(1), \operatorname{tred}(1)$, libgraph(3)

